| VIDEO TRAINING RECORD                        |                        |  |
|--|------------------------|--|
| VIDEO TITLE Scaffolds - Safety at all Levels | VIDEO ID NUMBER SCA00V |  |

## **KEY TEACHING POINTS OF THE VIDEO**

- Since 1971, OSHA has had a scaffold standard in place.
- Scaffold related incidents result in 4,500 injuries and 50 deaths per year.
- The competent person must have the ability to identify existing and predictable hazards, with the authority to make necessary corrections, and in most cases has a combination of on the job experience and numerous training credits.
- OSHA requires that the competent person be capable of making decisions regarding fall protection, safe access and scaffold integrity.
- Before assembly begins, all scaffold components must be inspected and damages and defects must be reported to the competent person. The competent person will evaluate the damage and take necessary corrective action.
- Planking shall be scaffold grade or equivalent and should remain free of splits, sawcuts and knots.
- Safe scaffolds start from a good base or foundation.
- Scaffolds start from a good base or foundation.
- Scaffolds should never be supported on boxes or loose bricks or any materials that could be crushed or toppled under scaffold weight.
- Once scaffolds are in place, inspect the entire structure for visible defects to insure all connections are secure. Repeat the inspection before each shift.
- 5 points to consider: check baseplate and mud seal for proper placement and stability, check cross bracing to make sure the structure is square, make sure all connections are secure, check guardrail height, placement and for secure construction, check platforms for splits, cracks and worn or damaged areas.
- Using crossbracing as a means of access is always prohibited.
- During high winds, work must be discontinued.

| QUESTION  |                        | ANSWERS |       |
|---|------------------------|---------|-------|
|   |                        | TRUE    | FALSE |
| 1 Since 1971, OSHA has had a scaffold standard in place.            |                        |         |       |
| 2 Scaffold planking shall be free of splits, sawcuts and knots.     |                        |         |       |
| 3 Check mud plate and base seal for proper placement and stability. |                        |         |       |
| 4 Using cross bracing as a means of access is acceptable.           |                        |         |       |
| 5 During high winds, work must be discontinued.                     |                        |         |       |
| EMPLOYEE'S NAME   | EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE   | DATE    |       |
| INSTRUCTOR'S NAME   | INSTRUCTOR'S SIGNATURE | DATE    |       |